

Bell Work

1. Find the zeros for function below. Show all work.

$$f(x) = x^2 + 4x - 96$$

2. Add $(5 + 6i) + (-3 - 10i)$.

3. Subtract $(-12 + 4i) - (8 - 3i)$.

4. What is the complex conjugate of $7 + i$?

$$i = \sqrt{-1} = i$$

$$i^2 = \sqrt{-1}^2 = -1$$

$$i^3 = i^2 \cdot i = -1 \cdot i = -i$$

$$i^4 = i^2 \cdot i^2 = -1 \cdot -1 = 1$$

$$i^5 = i^4 \cdot i = 1 \cdot i = i$$

$$i^6 = i^4 \cdot i^2 = 1 \cdot -1 = -1$$

$$i^7 = i^4 \cdot i^3 = 1 \cdot -i = -i$$

$$i^8 = i^4 \cdot i^4 = 1 \cdot 1 = 1$$

$$i^9 = i$$

$$i^{10} = -1$$

$$i^{11} = -i$$

$$i^{12} = 1$$

$$i^{13} = i$$

$$i^{14} = -1$$

$$i^{15} = -i$$

$$i^{16} = 1$$

The
pattern
repeats.

$$i^{17} = i^{16} \cdot i = 1 \cdot i = i$$

$$i^{23} = i^{20} \cdot i^3 = 1 \cdot i^3 = -i$$

$$i^{56} = (i^4)^{14} = 1^{14} = 1$$

$$i^{91} = i^{88} \cdot i^3 = 1 \cdot i^3 = -i$$

$i = i$
$i^2 = -1$
$i^3 = -i$
$i^4 = 1$

Remember this chart.

$$\begin{aligned}2i(3 + 5i) &= 6i + 10i^2 = 6i + 10(-1) \\ &= 6i - 10 = -10 + 6i\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}-4i(7 - 2i) &= -28i + 8i^2 = -28i + 8(-1) \\ &= -28i - 8 = -8 - 28i\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}3i(-9 - i) &= -27i - 3i^2 = -27i - 3(-1) \\ &= -27i + 3 = 3 - 27i\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}(3 - 4i)(2 + i) &= 6 + 3i - 8i - 4i^2 \\ &= 6 - 5i - 4(-1) \\ &= 6 - 5i + 4 \\ &= 10 - 5i\end{aligned}$$

FOIL
First
Outside
Inside
Last

$$\begin{aligned}(-5 + 3i)(4 - 2i) &= -20 + 10i + 12i - 6i^2 \\ &= -20 + 22i - 6(-1) \\ &= -20 + 22i + 6 \\ &= -14 + 22i\end{aligned}$$

FOIL
First
Outside
Inside
Last

$$\begin{aligned}(4 - 3i)(6 - 2i) &= 24 - 8i - 18i + 6i^2 \\ &= 24 - 26i + 6(-1) \\ &= 24 - 26i - 6 \\ &= 18 - 26i\end{aligned}$$

FOIL
First
Outside
Inside
Last

$$\begin{aligned}\frac{6-i}{3+2i} \cdot \frac{3-2i}{3-2i} &= \frac{18-12i-3i+2i^2}{9-6i+6i-4i^2} \\ &= \frac{18-15i-2}{9+4} \\ &= \frac{16-15i}{13} = \frac{16}{13} - \frac{15}{13}i\end{aligned}$$

Multiply by the conjugate of the denominator.

$$\begin{aligned}\frac{1+4i}{5-2i} \cdot \frac{5+2i}{5+2i} &= \frac{5+2i+20i+8i^2}{25+10i-10i-4i^2} \\ &= \frac{5+22i-8}{25+4} \\ &= \frac{-3+22i}{29} = -\frac{3}{29} + \frac{22}{29}i\end{aligned}$$

Multiply by the conjugate of the denominator.

$$\begin{aligned}\frac{3-2i}{6+i} \cdot \frac{6-i}{6-i} &= \frac{18-3i-12i+2i^2}{36-6i+6i-i^2} \\ &= \frac{18-15i-2}{36+1} \\ &= \frac{16-15i}{37} = \frac{16}{37} - \frac{15}{37}i\end{aligned}$$

Multiply by the conjugate of the denominator.

Assignment:

**Multiplying and Dividing Complex
Numbers Worksheet**